Mathematics at St White's Primary School


## Yearly Overviews

EYFS

This overview is taken from the NCETM Mastering Number programme and forms the basis of mathematics lessons in EYFS.
NCETM
NATIONAL CENTRETor EXCELLENCE
TEACHING or MATHEMATICS
This is supplemented by NCETM resources in Pattern; Shape and Space; and Measures.

| Strand/ Half-term | Subitising | Cardinality, ordinality and counti | Composition | Comparison |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1$ <br> Children will: | - perceptually subitise within 3 <br> - identify sub-groups in larger arrangements <br> - create their own patterns for numbers within 4 <br> - practise using their fingers to represent quantities which they can subitise <br> - experience subitising in a range of contexts, including temporal patterns made by sounds. | - relate the counting sequence to cardinality, seeing that the last number spoken gives the number in the entire set <br> - have a wide range of opportunities to develop their knowledge of the counting sequence, including through rhyme and song <br> - have a wide range of opportunities to develop 1:1 correspondence, including by coordinating movement and counting <br> - have opportunities to develop an understanding that anything can be counted, including actions and sounds <br> - explore a range of strategies which support accurate counting. | - see that all numbers can be made of 1 s <br> - compose their own collections within 4. | - understand that sets can be compared according to a range of attributes, including by their numerosity <br> - use the language of comparison, including 'more than' and 'fewer than' <br> - compare sets 'just by looking'. |
| $2$ <br> Children will: | - continue from first half-term <br> - subitise within 5 , perceptually and conceptually, depending on the arrangements. | - continue to develop their counting skills <br> - explore the cardinality of 5 , linking this to dice patterns and 5 fingers on 1 hand <br> - begin to count beyond 5 <br> - begin to recognise numerals, relating these to quantities they can subitise and count. | - explore the concept of 'wholes' and 'parts' by looking at a range of objects that are composed of parts, some of which can be taken apart and some of which cannot <br> - explore the composition of numbers within 5. | - compare sets using a variety of strategies, including 'just by looking', by subitising and by matching <br> - compare sets by matching, seeing that when every object in a set can be matched to one in the other set, they contain the same number and are equal amounts. |
| 3 <br> Children will: | - increase confidence in subitising by continuing to explore patterns within 5 , including structured and random arrangements <br> - explore a range of patterns made by some numbers greater than 5 , | - continue to develop verbal counting to 20 and beyond <br> - continue to develop object counting skills, using a range of strategies to develop accuracy | - continue to explore the composition of 5 and practise recalling 'missing' or 'hidden' parts for 5 <br> - explore the composition of 6 , linking this to familiar | - continue to compare sets using the language of comparison, and play games which involve comparing sets <br> - continue to compare sets by matching, identifying when sets are equal |

patterns, including symmetrical patterns

- begin to see that numbers within 10 can be composed of ' 5 and a bit'.
- explore the composition of odd and even numbers, looking at the 'shape' of these numbers
- begin to link even numbers to doubles
- begin to explore the composition of numbers within 10
- explore the composition of 10.
- explore ways of making unequal sets equal
- compare numbers, reasoning about which is more, using both an understanding of the 'howmanyness' of a number, and its position in the number system.
- order sets of objects, linking this to their understanding of the ordinal number system.

These overviews are taken from White Rose Maths and includes suggested timings for each block of learning. The blocks will be followed in order but timings may be adjusted for term dates or other requirements to suit the pupils in the class.

## Year 1

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} c \\ \\ \frac{y}{3} \end{gathered}$ | Number <br> Place value (within 10) |  |  |  |  | Number <br> Addition and subtraction (within 10) |  |  |  |  |  | 든 믕 $\bar{O}$ 0 0 0 |
| 은 ïㅁ | Number Place (with | value <br> n 20) |  | Number <br> Addition and subtraction (within 20) |  |  | Numbe Place <br> (with | Value 50) | Measurement <br> Length <br> and <br> height |  | Measurement <br> Mass <br> and <br> volume |  |
| $\stackrel{\searrow}{0}$ E जn | Number Multiplication and division |  |  | Number <br> Fractions |  |  | Number <br> Place value <br> (within 100) |  | Measurement <br> Time |  |  | 든 믐 응 0 0 0 |

## Year 2

|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number <br> Place value |  |  |  | Number <br> Addition and subtraction |  |  |  |  | Geometry <br> Shape |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 음 } \\ & \text { 듬 } \end{aligned}$ | Meas <br> Mon | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ement } \\ & \text { ey } \end{aligned}$ | Number <br> Multiplication and division |  |  |  |  | Measurement <br> Length <br> and <br> height |  | Measurement <br> Mass, capacity and temperature |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\ddot{y}} \\ & \stackrel{y}{E} \\ & \text { जn } \end{aligned}$ | Number Fractions |  |  | Measurement Time |  |  | Statistics |  | Geometry Position and direction |  | Consolidation |  |

## Year 3




|  | Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 | Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 | Week 11 | Week 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ᄃ } \\ & \text { 戔 } \end{aligned}$ | Number <br> Place value |  |  | Number <br> Addition <br> and <br> subtraction |  | Number <br> Multiplication and division $\mathbf{A}$ |  |  | Number <br> Fractions A |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 음 } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ | Number Multi and di | licatio vision |  | Number <br> Fracti | ons B | Number <br> Decim <br> perce | als and ttages |  | Measure <br> Perim <br> and | nent eter rea | Statis | tics |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\omega} \\ & \stackrel{y}{E} \\ & \tilde{v} \end{aligned}$ | Geometr <br> Shape |  |  | Geometr <br> Position <br> and direct |  | Number Decir |  |  |  |  | ment <br> rting |  |



