



# St White's Primary School - Science



# Topic: Sound

# What should I already know?

- I have five senses and one of them is hearing. We hear sound with our ears.
- Musical instruments make sounds.

#### How sounds are made

Sounds are made when an object vibrates. If an object is not **vibrating**, it will not make a sound. **Vibrations** and sounds can be made in different ways.

#### How vibrations travel

Sounds are heard when **vibrations** travel from the object through a medium to our ear.

A **medium** can be a solid, a liquid, or a gas. Sound cannot be heard in outer space as there is no air, therefore no medium for sound to travel through.

## **Louder and quieter** sounds

Large vibrations create loud sounds. Small vibrations create quiet sounds. The **volume** of a sound



Years 3 and 4

We are scientists. We ask questions about our world and technology and then explore and discover the answers with the aim of making the world a better place.

they vibrate. vibrating object can affect

## **Scientists**

## Pitch

Different objects produce different pitch sounds when Changing the length of the the pitch of the sound it produces.

	Technical vocabulary	
	vibrations	Vibrations are when an object moves very fast from side to side
	object	An object is a thing that is not alive
	medium	Something for sounds to travel through such as a solid, liquid or gas
	sound waves	Vibrations travel in sound waves which spread out in all directions
	volume	The volume of a sound is how loud or quiet it is.
	absorb	To soak up or take in
	sound insulator	A sound insulator does not allow sound to pass through it easily.
	pitch	Pitch describes how high or low a sound it
	sound source	An object that vibrates to make a sound is called a sound source



## **Working scientifically**

To evaluate is to think about what you did and

suggest any changes or improvements

Scientists carry our investigations to find out which materials are good sound insulators.

A comparative test compares one event with another.

#### Talk like a scientist

**Distance from sounds** 

The **volume** of a sound

depends on the distance

from the sound source.

The greater the distance

from the **sound source**, the

quieter the sound.

- I think this... because...
- I know this, so I think...
- This will happen because...
- What do you think?
- What will happen if...?

# The ear

evaluate

When sound reaches our ears. the **eardrum** inside the ear vibrates, allowing us to hear.



## Pattern seeking enquiry

Enquiry means to investigate something to find out more.

Pattern seeking is when scientists look for patterns in data to answer their questions.